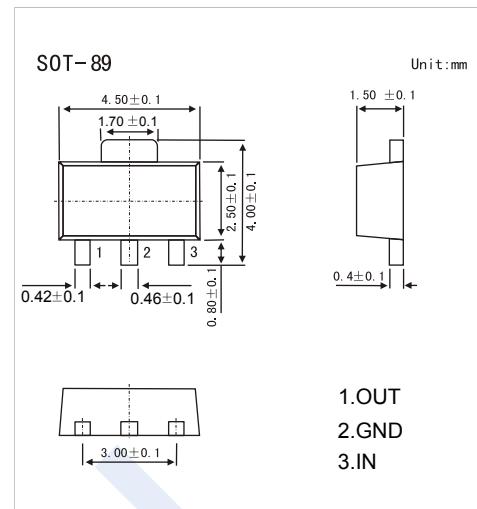


Three-Terminal Positive Voltage Regulator

LM78L18



■ Features

- Maximum Output current I_o : 0.1A
- Output Voltage V_o : 18V
- Continuous Total Dissipation P_o : 0.5W ($T_a = 25^\circ C$)

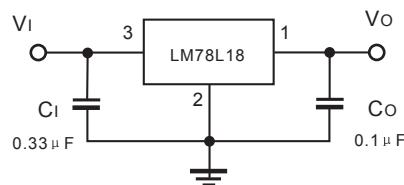
■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Operating temperature range applies unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input Voltage	V_I	35	V
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T_{OPR}	-55 ~ +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	-55 ~ +150	°C

■ Electrical Characteristics ($V_I=26V$, $I_o=40mA$, $C_I=0.33\mu F$, $C_O=0.1\mu F$, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Testconditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Voltage	V_o	$T_J = 25^\circ C$	17.3	18	18.7	V
		$T_J = 0 \sim 125^\circ C$, $20.5V \leq V_I \leq 33V$, $I_o = 1mA \sim 40mA$	17.1	18	18.9	V
		$T_J = 0 \sim 125^\circ C$, $V_I = 26V$, $I_o = 1mA \sim 70mA$	17.1	18	18.9	V
Load Regulation	ΔV_o	$T_J = 25^\circ C$, $V_I = 26V$, $I_o = 1mA \sim 100mA$	27	180	mV	
		$T_J = 25^\circ C$, $V_I = 26V$, $I_o = 1mA \sim 40mA$	19	90	mV	
Line Regulation	ΔV_o	$T_J = 25^\circ C$, $20.5V \leq V_I \leq 33V$, $I_o = 40mA$	70	360	mV	
		$T_J = 25^\circ C$, $22V \leq V_I \leq 33V$, $I_o = 40mA$	64	300	mV	
Quiescent Current	I_Q	$T_J = 25^\circ C$	4.7	6.5	mA	
Quiescent current Change	ΔI_Q	$T_J = 0 \sim 125^\circ C$, $22V \leq V_I \leq 33V$, $I_o = 40mA$		1.5		mA
		$T_J = 0 \sim 125^\circ C$, $V_I = 26V$, $1mA \leq I_o \leq 40mA$		0.1		
Output Noise Voltage	V_N	$T_J = 25^\circ C$, $10Hz \leq f \leq 100KHz$	89			μV
Ripple Rejection	RR	$T_J = 0 \sim 125^\circ C$, $21.5V \leq V_I \leq 31.5V$, $f = 120Hz$	32	36		dB
Dropout Voltage	V_D	$T_J = 25^\circ C$		1.7		V

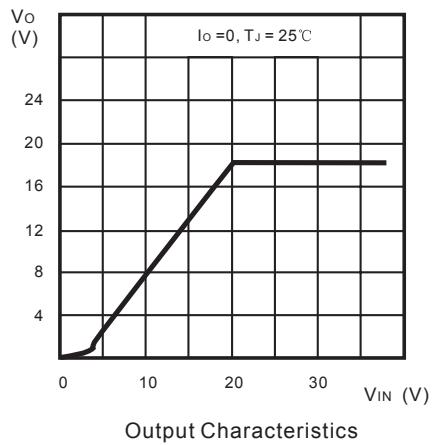
■ Typical Application



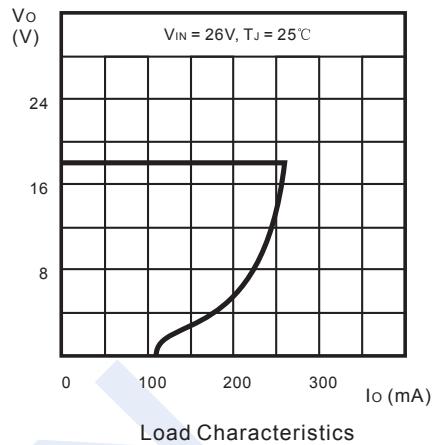
Note: Bypass capacitors are recommended for optimum stability and transient response and should be located as close as possible to the regulators.

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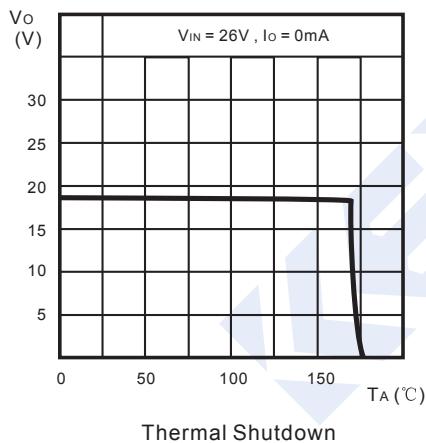
■ Typical Characteristics



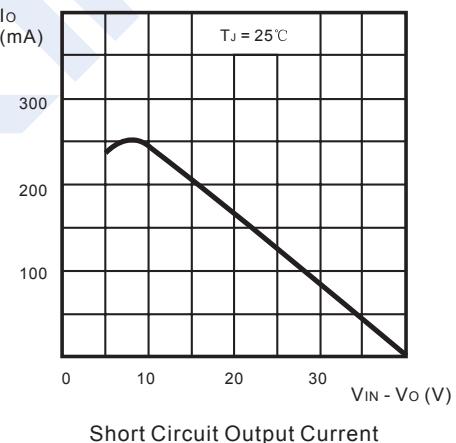
Output Characteristics



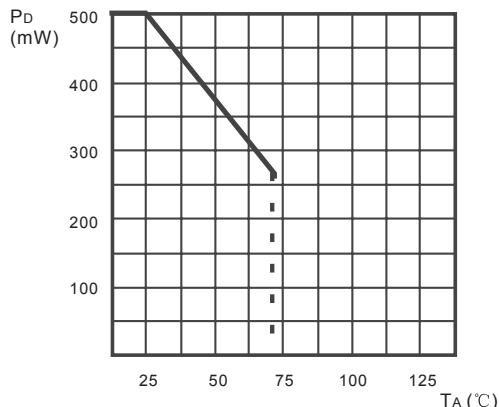
Load Characteristics



Thermal Shutdown



Short Circuit Output Current



Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature